

# GENUS COMPUTATION OF GLOBAL FUNCTION FIELDS

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# Genus

Let  $F/k$  be a function field and denote  $\mathcal{D}_F$  the set of divisors of  $F$ . The genus of  $F$  is the non-negative number

$$g := \max\{\deg A - \dim A + 1 \mid A \in \mathcal{D}_F\}.$$

# Defining polynomial

Let  $f(t, x) = x^n + a_1(t)x^{n-1} + \cdots + a_n(t)$  be the defining polynomial of  $F/k$ . We set:

- $C_f := \max\{\lceil \deg a_i(t)/i \rceil \mid 1 \leq i \leq n\}$
- $f_\infty := t^{-nC_f} f(t, t^{C_f}x) \in k[t^{-1}, x]$
- $A := k[t]$
- $A_\infty := k[t^{-1}]_{(t^{-1})}$

# Orders

Let  $\theta \in F$  with  $f(t, \theta) = 0$ .

- $A[\theta]$  finite equation order.
- $\mathcal{O}_F := \text{Cl}(A, F)$  finite maximal order.
- $A_\infty[\theta_\infty]$  infinite equation order, where  $\theta_\infty := \theta/t^{C_f}$ .
- $\mathcal{O}_{F,\infty} := \text{Cl}(A_\infty, F)$  infinite maximal order.

Denote by  $k_0$  the full constant field of  $F/k$ .

## Theorem

*The genus may be computed as:*

$$g = \frac{[k_0 : k] - n - \deg[\mathcal{O}_F : A[\theta]] + \deg[\mathcal{O}_{F,\infty} : A_\infty[\theta_\infty]] + C_f n(n-1)/2}{[k_0 : k]}$$

*If  $[k_0 : k] = 1$ , we obtain*

$$g = 1 - n - \deg[\mathcal{O}_F : A[\theta]] + \deg[\mathcal{O}_{F,\infty} : A_\infty[\theta_\infty]] + C_f n(n-1)/2$$

# Montes Algorithm

**Input:**

- $f(t, x)$  defining polynomial of a global function field  $F/k$ .
- An irreducible polynomial  $p(t) \in A$ .

**Output:**

Non-negative integer  $v_{p(t)}([\mathcal{O}_F : A[\theta]])$

# Montes Algorithm

**Input:**

- $f_\infty$  defining polynomial of a global function field  $F/k$ .
- The irreducible polynomial  $1/t \in A_\infty$ .

**Output:**

Non-negative integer  $v_\infty([\mathcal{O}_{F,\infty} : A_\infty[\theta_\infty]])$

# Genus Algorithm

**Input:** A global function field  $F/k$  with defining polynomial  $f$  of degree  $n$ .

**Output:** Genus  $g$  of  $F$ .

- $f_\infty \leftarrow t^{-C_f n} f(t, t^{C_f} x)$
- $\text{FiniteIndex} \leftarrow 0$
- Factorize  $\text{Disc}(f)$
- For all irreducible polynomials  $p(t)$  with  $v_{p(t)}(\text{Disc}(f)) \geq 2$ 
  - $\text{ind}_{p(t)} \leftarrow \text{Montes-algorithm}(f, p(t))$
  - $\text{FiniteIndex} \leftarrow \text{FiniteIndex} + \deg(p(t)) \cdot \text{ind}_{p(t)}$
- $\text{InfiniteIndex} \leftarrow \text{Montes-algorithm}(f_\infty, 1/t))$
- **return**  $1 - n - \text{FiniteIndex} - \text{InfiniteIndex} + C_f n(n - 1)/2$

# Complexity

## Theorem

Let  $F/k$  be a function field over the finite field  $k$  with  $q$  elements and with defining polynomial  $f$  of degree  $n$ . Then, the algorithm needs at most

$$O(n^{5+\epsilon} C_f^{2+\epsilon} \log(q))$$

operations in  $k$  to determine the genus of  $F$ .

We consider the function field  $F/k$  of genus  $g$ , with defining polynomial  $f_l(t, x) \in k[t, x]$ .

$f_1(t, x) = x^2 + t$
$f_2(t, x) = f_1(x)^2 + (t - 1)t^3x$
$f_3(t, x) = f_2(x)^3 + t^{11}$
$f_4(t, x) = f_3(x)^3 + t^{29}xf_2(x)$
$f_5(t, x) = f_4(x)^2 + (t - 1)t^{42}xf_1(x)f_3(x)^2$
$f_6(t, x) = f_5(x)^2 + t^{88}xf_3(x)f_4(x)$

$l$	$g$	$\deg f_l$	I.C.	Genus Algo	Magma
1	0	2	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	3	4	0.0	0.01	0.01
3	9	12	0.01	0.02	1.66
4	40	36	0.09	0.12	707.06
5	133	72	1.37	1.61	60125.24
6	329	144	22.06	24.67	—

The End